



In partnership with:



Webinar Guidebook Launch

National Biodiversity Platforms to Support the Interface of Science, Policy and Practice for Nature and People

















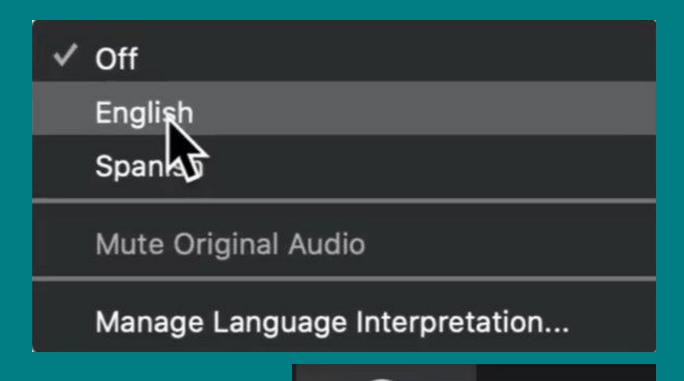




Interpretation









HOUSEKEEPING





Microphone and Camera: Your microphone will be muted throughout the webinar.





Support: If you have any technical issues, please send a direct message to Technical Support – **UNEP-WCMC Event** via the chat.

Webinar Agenda



- Opening remarks Julia Oliva, UNEP-WCMC
- Opening remarks Dr. Heidi Wittmer, UFZ
- National biodiversity platforms and guidebook launch Sabina Jehan Khan, UFZ
- National Biodiversity Platforms and their role in national ecosystem assessments -Juanita Chaves, UNEP-WCMC
- Q&A
- Panel discussion Candice Stevens (Wilderness Foundation Africa, South Africa), Dr. Sié Sylvestre Da (WASCAL, Burkina Faso), Dr. Eva Maria Spehn (Swiss Biodiversity Forum, Switzerland), Daniela Guaras (UNEP-WCMC), Ulrike Troeger (UFZ, Facilitator)
- Q&A
- Close





The Sub-Global Assessment Network

A community of practice that connects and supports individuals and organisations involved in sub-global ecosystem assessments

In August 2021, UNEP-WCMC reconvened SGAN members and welcomed new partners with the intention of strengthening the activities of the network by:

Supporting national ecosystem assessments

Encouraging and fostering knowledge sharing between and amongst sub-global assessments

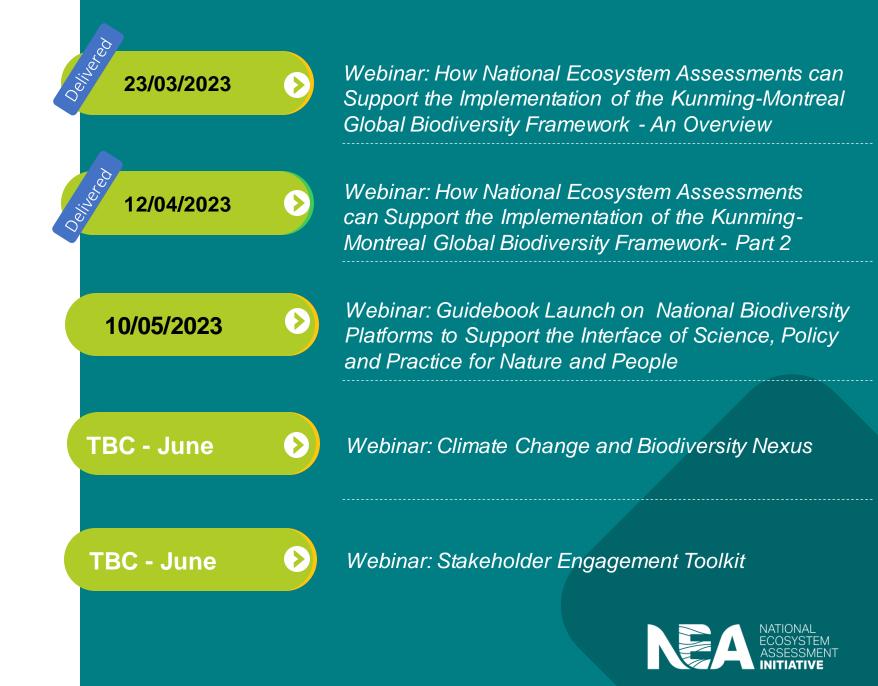
Providing opportunities for training in specific tools and approaches related to ecosystem assessments





The Sub-Global Assessment Network

Join the network and stay up to date with upcoming events







National Biodiversity Platforms and Guidebook Launch

Sabina Jehan Khan

Lead contributing author of the guidebook, Independent Environmental Consultant





National Biodiversity Platforms:

Azerbaijan, Belgium, Brazil, Cameroon, Colombia, Denmark, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, France, Germany, Grenada, Madagascar, Mexico, Morocco, Nigeria, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Vietnam

Regional Biodiversity Platforms:

- ECA-Network: Europe & Central Asia Network of organizations engaging in IPBES
- WABES: West African Biodiversity & Ecosystem Services







Some key insights on National Biodiversity Platforms...

- Bridge knowledge, policy and practice to enable social learning, influence and impact.
- There is no ideal "one-size-fits-all" configuration. They must be tailored to the needs of the national context, with a view towards adding long-term value to the science-policy-practice interface.
- Credibility, relevance and legitimacy are the attributes which determine influence and impact. These attributes require strategic decisions and active management.

Bridging knowledge, policy and practice for social learning, influence and impact







National Biodiversity Platforms

Science-policy-practice interfaces convene stakeholders in dialogue and collaborative relationships that lead to an improved consideration of biodiversity and ecosystem services in decision-making.

- Transdisciplinary initiatives working at the intersection of sectors, stakeholders and knowledge systems
- Knowledge brokerage, capacity-building, supporting science-policy processes, building networks and alliances

Brazil: "Our platform helped to put the subject of biodiversity and ecosystem services more into the evidence-base for policy-making."

Colombia: "Our platform has been particularly helpful in discussions about how to incorporate indigenous and local knowledge into the decision-making processes."

Sweden: "The natural scientists seldom meet environmental psychologists. So, we created a network that was not there before; transdisciplinary interest has increased."

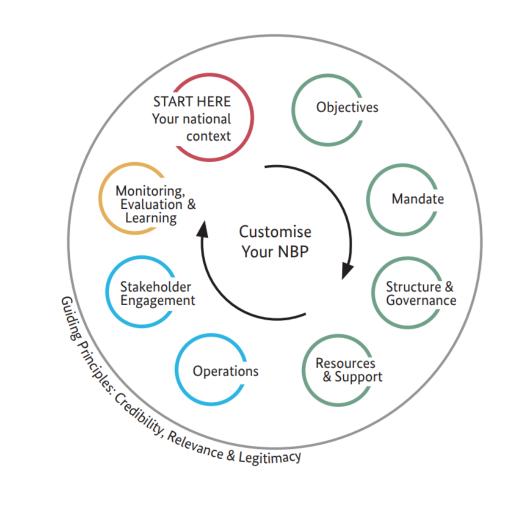
Madagascar: "We contribute to the implementation of our ratified international commitments and conventions on protected areas, biodiversity, climate change."

There is no "one-size-fits-all" for a National Biodiversity Platform









- Tailor to the needs of the national context, with a view towards adding long-term added value
- Can have different levels of complexity
- Can evolve over time to respond to changes national circumstances
- Aim for inclusivity, transparency, accountability and adaptivity

If there is no ideal configuration, then what makes a platform influential and effective?

...credibility, relevance & legitimacy.







Attributes which require strategic decisions and active management

Credibility: Quality, validity and adequacy of the expertise, processes and knowledge

Relevance: Usefulness of information, activities, solutions to address societal needs

Legitimacy: Political, social and procedural fairness, transparency, inclusiveness and accountability







Common strategies for building... (based on van der Hel and Biermann, 2017)

Credibility

Peer Review

Quality via formal procedures for peer review of knowledge products

Credentials

Engage knowledge holders which hold distinguished credentials

Community of practice

Combined expertise of different knowledge holders to develop solutions

Denmark: "We work with the best scientific expertise in our country to develop consensus briefs. We expect these papers to have a political impact because they are based on the broad scientific community giving a uniform statement to the public and decisionmakers."

Brazil: "Being independent from government is not always the best option. While there is no compromise in the credibility of assessment results which would hinder uptake by the government and there is enormous flexibility (e.g., to get the best results, bringing in the right people, etc.), you will need to find means of getting your conclusions up to policy-makers.







Common strategies for building... (based on van der Hel and Biermann, 2017)

Relevance

Integration

Comprehensive and integrated knowledge products, in actionable formats

Fit for Purpose

Timely and applicable knowledge inputs to decision-making processes

Solutions

Develop approaches and tools to aid in problem-solving and decision-making

France: "Stakeholders request specific information from IPBES findings which is relevant to their business activities. When the IPBES assessment on scenarios and models took place, the luxury goods company Louis Vuitton wanted to understand how to use scenarios on biodiversity and climate change to determine implications on business activities (e.g., production of wine)."







Common strategies for building... (based on van der Hel and Biermann, 2017)

Legitimacy

Representation

Diverse knowledge systems, disciplines, genders & geographical regions

Recognition

Mandate or an institutionalised role in governance mechanisms

Participation

Different stakeholders in co-designing objectives, activities, outputs

Switzerland: "We are hosted by the Swiss Academy of Sciences, which is an overarching and independent national level institution. Not being linked to a specific university increases credibility and legitimacy, because the NBP's work and policy positions are not considered to be a public relations machine for any specific institution."

Brazil: "Participation is from the stage of co-developing the research questions" ... "the ILK [indigenous and local knowledge] Assessment is an experiment in co-production of knowledge with [indigenous peoples and local communities] IPLCs."







Summary of key insights on National Biodiversity Platforms...

- Bridge knowledge, policy and practice to enable social learning, influence and impact.
- There is no ideal "one-size-fits-all" configuration. Tailor to the national context and bring added value.
- Credibility, relevance and legitimacy need to be strategically managed for influence and impact.



GUIDEBOOK ON NATIONAL BIODIVERSITY PLATFORMS: CONNECTING NATURE AND PEOPLE

Sabina Jehan Khan, Johannes Förster, Miriam Brenck, Kristina Raab, Shena Garcia Rangel, Heidi Wittmer







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based on a decision of the German Bundest: Download guidebook at: http://dx.doi.org/10.57699/qm4c-nz16

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NATIONAL BIODIVERSITY PLATFORMS AND THEIR CONTRIBUTION TO NATIONAL ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENTS









Supported by:





NATIONAL ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENTS

- Expert evaluation of knowledge
- Communicates complex information to decision-makers
- Address policy questions
- Synthesizes available information & identifies knowledge gaps





AIMING FOR IMPACT

- Building shared knowledge through knowledgeexchange
- Promoting platforms that strengthen engagement between decision-makers, knowledge-holders and stakeholders
- Developing capacity, sharing lessons learned
- Supporting national engagement with international processes (IPBES, CBD)





HOW CAN NATIONAL BIODIVERSITY PLATFORMS SUPPORT ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENTS?



Call for experts/authors



Validate key outputs (i.e. scoping report, technical document, communication strategy, SPMs)



Facilitate knowledge-exchange



Co-produce knowledge, including with Indigenous Peoples and local communities





HOW CAN NATIONAL BIODIVERSITY PLATFORMS SUPPORT ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENTS?



Building networks, alliances and communities of practice



Support governmental processes



Support international and regional science-policy processes



Sharing information and increasing public awareness





EXAMPLES

 National Platform for Science-Policy Interface on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services-Cameroon

National IPBES Committee- Colombia

National Biodiversity Platform -Azerbaijan







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THANK YOU

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The Role of National Biodiversity Platforms in the Implementation of Multilateral Environmental Agreements

Ulrike Troeger

Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research - UFZ Scientist in the Department of Environmental Politics



PANEL DISCUSSION

THE ROLE OF NATIONAL BIODIVERSITY PLATFORMS
IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MULTILATERAL ENVIRONMENTAL
AGREEMENTS

Facilitator: Ulrike Troeger (UFZ)

Panellists: Candice Stevens

(Wilderness Foundation Africa,

South Africa)

Daniela Guaras (UNEP-WCMC)

Dr. Sié Sylvestre Da (WASCAL, Burkina Faso)

Dr. Eva Maria Spehn(Swiss Biodiversity Forum, Switzerland)







Thank you!

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